



















Unaudited Interim Results

For the six months ended 30 June 2013







Chairman's Statement

Financial Highlights

- · Group profit before tax up 10% to US\$10 million, from US\$9.2 million for the same period last year.
- Group profit after tax increased by 20% to US\$8.3 million from US\$6.9 million for the corresponding period last year.
- Basic earnings per share increased to 1.31 US Cents from 1.06 US Cents.
- · Cost to income ratio improved to 73% from 75%.
- Total shareholders' equity increased by 31% to US\$88 million from US\$67 million as at 31 December 2012.
- Total assets increased by 15% to US\$451 million from US\$392 million as at 31 December 2012.
- Net asset value per share 13.10 US Cents (2012 12.5 US Cents).

Financial Performance Review

Despite the harsh economic environment, the Group sustained a positive performance, achieving a profit before tax of US\$10 million for the six months ended 30 June 2013. This was driven by increased revenues from the financial services businesses as well as cost containment. The commendable performance is 10% better than the US\$9.2 million achieved for the same period last year and is 59% of the 2012 full year financial performance of US\$16.9 million. The Group's earnings capacity continues to be buttressed by its diversified business model, with all the subsidiaries except the manufacturing business, achieving results significantly higher than those achieved for the corresponding period last year.

The Group's total income recorded an increase of US\$0.1 million to US\$36.8 million from US\$36.7 million. The increase was weighed down by the mandatory reduction of bank charges and interest margins as stipulated in the Memorandum of Understanding ("MoU") signed between the banking industry and the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe. In addition, the subdued performance of the manufacturing business also weighed down revenues.

The Group's total income is expected to increase in the second half of the year as contributions from increased volumes and the recently introduced concrete tile product become more pronounced.

Net interest income registered a modest growth of 5% to US\$9.9 million contributing 27% of the Group's total income in line with the same period last year. The unavailability of adequate credit lines for the country continues to push the cost of funding, as financial institutions compete to attract the limited deposits. This has had a negative impact on margins against a backdrop of a mandatory interest rate capping.

Despite the capping of bank charges to customers, fee and commission income increased by 2% to US\$11.5 million as a result of increased volume of transactions.

The contribution of gross profit on sales to total income decreased to 17% from 20% in percentage terms and to US\$6.3 million from US\$7.4 million in value as the Group's manufacturing business offered discounts to customers to improve stock turnover in order to manage working capital. The manufacturing business gross profit margins are set to improve following the commissioning of the new tile manufacturing plant in July 2013.

The Group's gross insurance premium increased by 12% to US\$12.1 million, in line with increased business. The net earned insurance premium, however decreased by 6% to US\$7.2 million, as the insurance businesses reviewed their risk transfer model by retaining less premium in order to improve the quality of cover to customers. The contribution of net earned insurance premium to Group total income, at 20%, was comparable to the corresponding period last year.

The total impairment charge at US\$10.2 million is considered adequate in view of the security being held by the banking subsidiaries.

The Group's cost to income ratio improved to 73% from 75% compared to the corresponding period last year as a result of improved cost containment. The operating expenses registered an increase of 2.8% to US\$21.7 million compared to the same period last year.

The Group's statement of financial position at US\$451 million increased by 15% compared to 31 December 2012. The increase in the statement of financial position was mainly buoyed by the 16% increase in deposits to US\$295 million compared to 31 December 2012, as the FBC brand continued to gain traction in the market.

Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company increased by 31% compared to the position as at 31 December 2012 mainly as a result of the disposal of treasury shares at a profit of US\$2.6 million and the acquisition of 40% of FBC Building Society from NSSA.

Operating Environment

The economy, though improving, continues to be dogged by liquidity challenges, infrastructural inadequacies, high external debt, limited revenue growth, as well as a widening trade and current account deficit, due to depressed exports and over-dependence on imports. Industrial capacity utilization decreased from 57% in 2011 to 40% in 2012, and continues to decrease as evidenced by continuous closure and downsizing of firms. This is due to constraints which include limited access to medium to long term funding and prohibitive borrowing costs.

Gross Domestic Product growth forecasts were revised downwards to 3.4%, from initial projections of 5% for the year 2013 indicating yet another year of moderate growth.

Financial Services Sector

The slow growth in the deposit base against a more than proportionate increase in funding requirements continues to incapacitate the sector from adequately meeting the economy's funding needs. Total deposits increased by 5.3% from US\$4.2 billion in January 2013 to US\$4.4 billion in May 2013, while total banking sector loans and advances increased by 5.56% from US\$3.4 billion to US\$3.59 billion. Revenues in the sector were subdued as a result of the Memorandum of Understanding signed in February this year which affected the performance of nonfunded income. Capitalization was a major highlight over the period in the sector with 12 institutions, including FBC, having been reported to have fully complied with the December 2012 capital threshhold as at 31 March 2013.

New Capital Requirements

The Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe increased the minimum capital requirements for banking institutions in July 2012. Commercial banks and building societies are required to raise their minimum capital from US\$12.5 million and US\$10 million to US\$100 million and US\$80 million respectively, by 30 June 2014. Banking institutions must comply with 50% of the prescribed minimum capital by 30 June 2013; 75% by 31 December 2013 and 100% by 30 June 2014.

In order for the banking subsidiaries to comply with the new capital requirements, FBC Holdings Limited ("FBCH") has received approval for its proposal to merge the Bank and the Building Society into a single entity, FBC Bank Limited. The merger would result in the two institutions bringing their capital together and this, coupled with

other initiatives, would enable the emergence of a commercial bank that is in compliance with the minimum capital requirements.

In pursuance of the merger transaction, a corporate restructuring was carried out by FBC Holdings Limited which resulted in the National Social Security Authority's ("NSSA") 40% shareholding in FBC Building Society being transferred to FBCH through a share swap, resulting in an increase of NSSA's shareholding in FBCH to 35%. The execution of this restructuring transaction resulted in both the Bank and the Society being owned 100% by FBCH.

Whilst all the hurdles have been cleared, the Bank and the Society are still operating as separate legal entities as we await a formal announcement from the Central Bank with regard to the capitalization timeline. In the event that the capitalization deadline remains the same, the Bank and the Building Society will be merged into one entity to comply with the capital requirements. If the banking subsidiaries' current capital levels are in compliance with the new dispensation, the units will continue to operate separately. The total capital of the Bank and the Society as at 30 June 2013 was US\$60 million, which is in excess of the US\$50 million threshold as at that date.

As at 30 June 2013, all the other FBC Holdings Limited subsidiaries were in full compliance with regulatory capital requirements.

Share Price Performance

The demand by foreign investors on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange ("ZSE"), buoyed the main industrial index to a 39% growth at 211.19 points as at the end of June 2013 and the resource counters put up a moderate performance at 73.29 points, up 12.5% on a year to date basis. The FBC Holdings Limited's share price also attracted foreign demand, with three foreign shareholders purchasing a total of over 10% of its listed shares. The FBCH share price gained 25.2%, closing the half year at US\$0.10. The FBCH share price continued to trade below the net asset value per share which at half year was at US\$0.13. We believe the FBCH stock significantly remains undervalued especially given the strong earning capacity of the Group.

Corporate Social Investment

The Group has disbursed over US\$140 000 towards various corporate social responsibility initiatives in the fields of education, health, sports and the arts during the first half of the year and remains committed to giving back to the communities it operates in.

Dividend

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to advise shareholders that an interim dividend of 0.149 US Cents per share is proposed after taking into account the good performance of the Group and the solid recapitalization plan. The dividend being proposed translates to seven times dividend cover.

Marketing and Public Relations

The Group has remained highly visible within the market place during the first half of the year owing to various sustained marketing and public relations initiatives that have been implemented. FBC Holdings Limited was publicly recognized once again when it scooped the Independent Quoted Companies Survey 2012 Banking Sector Award for the second year running, having received the same accolade in 2011. The Group has also previously won the Independent Quoted Companies Overall Award for the best performing company.

e-Commerce

The Group will continue to champion the financial inclusion agenda through products and services that cater for more segments of the market. We have initiated the rolling out of solutions targeting sectors that were previously not served and implementing innovative services which continue to make banking more convenient and efficient. Leveraging on technology to streamline internal processes and developing more products, will allow us to be proactive in an increasingly competitive market. Electronic platforms have also enabled us to capture the diaspora markets through innovative products and services which provide around the clock access to our services from anywhere across the globe.

The increased number of transactions generated through e-channels has allowed the Bank to counter the significantly adverse impact of the Memorandum of Understanding on risk-free income in the first half of the year. The Group will continue to expand into new markets in the second half through integration of the secondary distribution network, which should give even greater service reach.

Outlook

Following the just-ended peaceful elections, it is our hope that this will now pave the way for macro-economic stability and increased foreign direct investment, leading to improved liquidity. The Group remains well poised to exploit the new environment to grow shareholder value.

Appreciation

As always, I am humbled by the unwavering support and confidence shown in the FBC brand by our valued customers. I am truly appreciative of the non-executive directors' guidance and counsel during this period. The professionalism, dedication and commitment demonstrated at all times, by the Group Chief Executive, his management team and staff, is highly commendable.



Herbert Nkala Group Chairman 21 August 2013







Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the six months ended 30 June 2013

		Unaudited 30 June 2013	Unaudited 30 June 2012
	Note	US\$	US\$
Interest income Interest expense	15 16	20 319 390 (10 464 365)	18 594 134 (9 194 778)
Net interest income		9 855 025	9 399 356
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense	17	11 474 111 (5 867)	11 288 650
Net fee and commission income		11 468 244	11 288 650
Revenue Cost of sales	18.1 18.2	24 833 494 (18 503 085)	22 802 615 (15 358 030)
Gross profit		6 330 409	7 444 585
Insurance premium revenue Premium ceded to reinsurers and retrocessionaires	19.1	12 088 498 (4 872 989)	10 769 722 (3 122 397)
Net earned insurance premium		7 215 509	7 647 325
Net trading income Net gains from financial instruments carried at fair value Other operating income	20	409 646 236 263 1 286 678	762 279 (183 795) 386 391
		1 932 587	964 875
Total income		36 801 774	36 744 791
Impairment allowance on financial assets	5.3	(623 964)	(1 368 383)
Net insurance commission expense	19.2	(1 841 936)	(1 867 270)
Insurance claims and loss adjustment expenses	19.3	(2 620 530)	(3 244 937)
Administrative expenses	21	(21 687 159)	(21 105 466)
Profit before income tax		10 028 185	9 158 735
Income tax expense	22	(1 729 194)	(2 218 950)
Profit for the period		8 298 991	6 939 785
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Gains on revaluation of land and buildings Tax relating to other comprehensive income		-	
Other comprehensive income, net income tax		-	
Total comprehensive income for the period		8 298 991	6 939 785
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non-controlling interests		7 025 059 1 273 932	5 636 385 1 303 400
Profit for the period		8 298 991	6 939 785
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Non controlling interests		7 025 059 1 273 932	5 636 385 1 303 400
Total comprehensive income for the period		8 298 991	6 939 785
Earnings per share (US cents)			
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	26.1 26.2	1.31 1.31	1.06 1.06

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 30 June 2013

	Nete	Unaudited	Audited
ASSETS	Note	30 June 2013 US\$	31 December 2012 US\$
ACCETO		σσφ	σσφ
Balances with banks and cash	4	119 136 714	82 415 090
Loans and advances to customers	5.1	210 606 591	190 592 547
Trade and other receivables including insurance receivables	5.2	28 229 337	26 582 806
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	2 546 372	2 932 818
Inventory	7	20 731 029	22 152 528
Prepayments and other assets	8	8 298 764	6 921 582
Deferred income tax assets		1 441 001	1 664 338
Investment property		25 000	25 000
Intangible assets		1 153 580	1 457 875
Property, plant and equipment	9	58 427 920	57 310 267
Total assets		450 596 308	392 054 851
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Liabilities			
Deposits and borrowings from other banks and customers	10	295 388 184	254 058 266
Insurance liabilities	11	11 580 535	10 976 731
Trade and other payables	12	33 503 889	29 885 061
Current income tax liabilities		1 560 118	1 712 581
Deferred income tax liabilities		7 112 386	7 269 579
Total liabilities		349 145 112	303 902 218
iotal liabilities		343 143 112	303 302 210
Equity			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity			
holders of the parent entity			
Share capital and share premium	13	16 728 703	7 681 908
Other reserves	14	39 563 235	34 616 972
Retained profits		31 763 308	24 738 249
		88 055 246	67 037 129
Non controlling interest in equity		13 395 950	21 115 504
Total equity		101 451 196	88 152 633
		450 500 000	000 054 65
Total equity and liabilities		450 596 308	392 054 851

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the six months ended 30 June 2013

	Share capital US\$	Share premium US\$	Retained profits US\$	Share option reserve US\$	Treasury shares US\$	Non distributable reserve US\$	Revaluation reserve US\$	Regulatory reserve US\$	Changes in ownership US\$	Total US\$	Non controlling interest US\$	Total equity US\$
Half year ended 30 June 2013 Balance as at 1 January 2013 Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	5 918 -	7 675 990 -	24 738 249 7 025 059	110 716	(2 757 535) -	33 659 224 -	3 191 743 -	627 590	(214 766) -	67 037 129 7 025 059	21 115 504 1 273 932	88 152 633 8 298 991
Gain on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net of tax Regulatory impairment allowance Total other comprehensive income	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total comprehensive income	-	-	7 025 059	-	-	-	-	-	-	7 025 059	1 273 932	8 298 991
Transaction with owners Net sale of treasury shares Dividend	-	2 638 811	- -	-	2 442 625	-	-	1		5 081 436	(0.000,400)	5 081 436 -
Increase in ownership interest Treasury share purchase Share buyback	801 - -	6 407 183 - -	- - -	-	(81 864)	- -	- - -	- - -	2 585 502 - -	8 993 486 - (81 864)	(8 993 486) - -	(81 864)
Balance as at 30 June 2013	6 719	16 721 984	31 763 308	110 716	(396 774)	33 659 224	3 191 743	627 590	2 370 736	88 055 246	13 395 950	101 451 196
Half year ended 30 June 2012 Balance as at 1 January 2012 Profit for the period Other comprehensive income	5 918 -	7 675 990 -	13 106 111 5 636 385	110 716 -	(2 686 644) -	33 659 224 -	3 191 743 -	690 650 -	(214 766) -	55 538 942 5 636 385	18 679 890 1 303 400	74 218 832 6 939 785
Gain on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net of tax Regulatory impairment allowance Total other comprehensive income	- - -	:	33 060 33 060	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	(33 060) (33 060)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total comprehensive income		-	5 669 445			-		(33 060)		5 636 385	1 303 400	6 939 785
Transaction with owners Dividend	-	-	(1 352 280)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1 352 280)	(213 870)	(1 566 150)
Balance as at 30 June 2012	5 918	7 675 990	17 423 276	110 716	(2 686 644)	33 659 224	3 191 743	657 590	(214 766)	59 823 047	19 769 420	79 592 467





30 June 2013

119 136 714

119 136 714

1 December 2012

81 920 185

81 920 185

30 June 2013

137 619 966

83 123 481

220 743 447

(10 136 856)

210 606 591

131 559 911

79 046 680

210 606 591

18 409 409

4 054 635

5 793 058

(27 765

28 257 102

28 229 337

28 229 337

28 229 337

30 June 2012

49 655 503

49 655 503

1 December 201

144 452 501

200 380 911

190 592 547 135 315 806

55 276 741

190 592 547

16 813 011

4 807 101

4 990 459

(27765)

26 610 571

26 582 806

26 582 806

26 582 806

Unaudite 30 June 2012

1 December 2012

12 741 919

3 059 909

2 470 241 18 272 069

(7 633 643)

10 638 426

13 003 340

169 105 502

182 108 842

190 592 547

6 430 768

6 403 003

2 870 522

17 309 281

20 179 803

20 179 803

26 582 806

(27765)

(2 154 721) 179 954 121

(9 788 364)

55 928 410

Unaudited Interim Results For the six months ended 30 June 2013

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows			
For the six months ended 30 June 2013			
	Note	Unaudited 30 June 2013 US\$	Unaudited 30 June 2012 US\$
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit for the period		10 028 185	9 158 735
Adjustments for: Depreciation	9	1 995 150	1 895 356
Ammortisation	9	335 905	268 424
Impairment loss on loans and advances	5.3	623 964	1 368 383
Loss from disposal of property and equipment	20	(2 922)	803
Fair value adjustment on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(236 263)	183 795
Net Cash generated before changes in operating assets and liabilities		12 744 019	12 875 496
Increase in loans and advances		(20 014 044)	(51 317 023)
Increase in trade and other receivables		(1 646 531)	(3 034 518)
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		386 446	(396 996)
Increase in inventory Increase in prepayments and other assets		1 421 499 (1 377 182)	(4 386 871) (1 230 657)
Increase in deposits from other banks and customers		32 881 308	61 820 229
Increase/ (decrease) in insurance liabilities		603 804	3 511 868
Increase/ (decrease) in trade and other payables		3 618 828	(1 201 289)
		28 618 147	16 640 239
Income tax expense paid		(1 815 907)	(3 950 515)
Net cash generated from operating activities		26 802 240	12 689 724
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9	(3 173 668)	(1 843 910)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		139 775	11 233
Net cash used in investing activities		(3 033 893)	(1 832 677)
Net cash flows before financing activities		23 768 347	10 857 047
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayments of borrowings		-	(727 251)
Proceeds from borrowings		8 448 610	-
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest Dividend paid to company's shareholders		-	(213 870) (1 352 280)
Purchase of treasury shares		(81 864)	(1 352 260)
Proceeds from resale of treasury shares		5 081 436	
Net cash generated from financing activities		13 448 182	(2 293 401)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		37 216 529	8 563 646
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		81 920 185	41 091 857
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	4.1	119 136 714	49 655 503

Notes to the Financial Results For the six months ended 30 June 2013

GENERAL INFORMATION

FBC Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") provide a wide range of commercial banking, mortgage finance, stockbrocking, reinsurance, insurance and other related financial services. The Group also manufactures pipes and roofing

The Company is a limited liability company, which is listed on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange and is incorporated and domiciled in Zimbabwe together with its subsidiaries. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 August 2013.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Group's condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the half year ended 30 June 2013 have been prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, the Zimbabwe Companies Act (Chapter 24:03) and the Zimbabwe Banking Act (Chapter 24:20) and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these interim consolidated financial statements are consisent with those of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are presented in the United States dollars ("US\$") and are rounded to the nearest dollar.

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Balances with Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe Statutory reserves Current account balances

Balances with other banks and cash Notes and coins Other bank balances

Balances with banks and cash

Current Non-current Total

Unaudited 30 June 2013 US\$	Audited 31 December 2012 US\$
-	-
72 443 973	50 701 657
72 443 973	50 701 657
14 065 269	23 907 633
32 627 472	7 805 800
119 136 714	82 415 090
119 136 714	82 415 090
119 136 714	82 415 090

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and

cash equivalents comprise the following balances: Balances with other banks, cash and current account balances at RBZ (including bank overdrafts)

Total cash and cash equivalents - statement of cash flows

LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances maturities Maturing within 1 year Maturing after 1 year Gross carrying amount Impairment allowance

Current Non-current

Total

Trade and other receivables

Retail trade receivables Insurance receivables Due by insurance companies -Due by reinsurers Gross carrying amount Impairment allowance

Current Non-current

Allowance for impairment

Balance as at 1 January Impairment allowance through statement of comprehensive income Reversal of impairment Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible Interest in suspense

Balance as at the end of period

10 164 621	9 816 129	5 723 305
78 541	2 650 523	-
,	,	
(354 013)	(751 739)	
-	(41 419)	-
020 00 .		. 555 555
623 964	3 603 842	1 368 383
0 010 120	1001022	1 00 1 022
9 816 129	4 354 922	4 354 922

30 June 2013

4 317 410

5 411 468

7 689 059

(6 637 830)

17 417 937

10 780 107

34 845 596

168 479 914

203 325 510

199 826 484

210 606 591

9 862 240

9 834 475

3 308 311

15 086 551

18 394 862

18 394 862

28 229 337

(27765)

(3 499 026)

5.4 Exposure to credit risk

5.4.1 Loans and advances Past due and impaired

Grade 8: Impaired Grade 9: Impaired Grade 10: Impaired Gross amount Allowance for impairment Carrying amount

Past due but not impaired Grades 4 - 7:

Niether past due nor impaired Grades 1 - 3:

Gross amount Allowance for impairment

Carrying amount

Total carrying amount

5.4.2 Trade and other receivables

Past due and impaired Allowance for impairment Carrying amount

Past due but not impaired

Niether past due nor impaired **Gross amount**

Allowance for impairment Carrying amount

Total carrying amount

The new FBC MasterCard Business Prepaid card is a load and go card that has a higher spending limit. Get your card instantly without opening a bank account at any FBC branch countrywide.







Accepted at more than 33.3 million ATM and merchant locations in 210 countries worldwide.











Unaudited Interim Results For the six months ended 30 June 2013

Not	es To The Financ	cial Results (c	continued))			
For	es To The Financ the six months o	ended 30 June	ne 2013	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited
5.5	Sectoral analysis of	tutilisations - loans	s and advance	30 June 2013 US\$	30 June 2013 %	31 December 2012 US\$	31 December 2012 %
	Mining Manufacturing Mortgage			17 814 519 41 517 777 22 174 345	8% 19% 10%	12 395 909 35 382 390 16 968 935	6% 18% 8%
	Wholesale Distribution			12 923 082 23 613 222	6% 11%	12 210 166 19 621 528	6% 10%
	Individuals Agriculture			41 926 733 9 058 217	19% 4%	46 758 523 9 886 442	23% 5%
	Communication Construction Local Authorities			2 620 252 2 042 453 3 286 969	1% 1% 1%	1 938 286 1 971 742 2 133 306	1% 1% 1%
	Other services			43 765 878	20%	41 113 684	21%
	Gross loans and adva	rances		220 743 447	100%	200 380 911	100%
	Less impairment allow	wance		(10 136 856)		(9 788 364)	
	Carrying amount			210 606 591		190 592 547	
						lla-udit.	4
						30 June 2013	31 December 2012
						US\$	US\$
6	FINANCIAL ASSETS Listed securities at ma		THROUGH PRO	OFIT OR LOSS		2 546 372	2 932 818
	Current					2 546 372	2 932 818
	Non-current Total					2 546 372	2 932 818
7	INVENTORY					1 00 1 100	4 500 705
	Consumables Raw materials Work in progress					1 304 469 2 177 761 3 195 700	1 508 735 4 334 764 3 854 289
	Finished goods					14 053 099 20 731 029	12 454 740 22 152 528
8	PREPAYMENTS AND	D OTHER ASSETS					
	Prepayments Other					3 817 043 4 481 721	2 385 095 4 536 487
	Current					8 298 764 8 298 764	6 921 582 6 921 582
	Current Non-current Total					8 298 764 - 8 298 764	6 921 582
9	PROPERTY, PLANT	AND EQUIPMENT				0 230 704	0 321 302
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				Furniture a	and	
	Half year ended 30	Freehold premises	Plant and machinery	, equipme	ent equipme	ent vehicles	Total
	June 2013	US\$	US\$	S US	6\$ U	JS\$ US\$	US\$
	Opening net book amount Additions	28 083 296 305 224	23 394 626 1 642 494				57 310 267 3 173 668
	Capital work in progress	303 224	1 042 494	574 70	- 403 0	10 107 570	3 173 000
	Disposals Depreciation	(8 000) (307 336)	(990 148)		-	- (52 865)	
	Closing net book amount	28 073 184		(273.80	78) (234 1	, ,	(60 865) (1 995 150)
			24 046 972			(189 706)	(60 865) (1 995 150) - - - 58 427 920
			24 046 972	1 514 49		(189 706)	(1 995 150)
10	DEPOSITS FROM OT		24 046 972	1 514 49		(189 706)	(1 995 150)
10 10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits		24 046 972	1 514 49		(189 706) 182 1 201 092 87 498 617	(1 995 150) 58 427 920 91 944 231
	DEPOSITS FROM CU		24 046 972	1 514 49		(189 706) 182 1 201 092 87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930
	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits	USTOMERS	24 046 972	1 514 49		(189 706) 182 1 201 092 87 498 617 49 122 457	91 944 231 30 007 720
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits	USTOMERS THER BANKS its	24 046 972	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I	USTOMERS THER BANKS its	24 046 972	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I	USTOMERS THER BANKS its	24 046 972	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current	USTOMERS THER BANKS its	24 046 972	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current	USTOMERS THER BANKS its	24 046 972	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current	THER BANKS its I lines of credit	24 046 972	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total	THER BANKS its I lines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS	1 514 49		87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total DEPOSITS CONCENT	THER BANKS its I lines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS	1 514 49	3 592 1	87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total DEPOSITS CONCENT Agriculture Construction	THER BANKS its Ilines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS 30 J 6 2	June 2013 US\$ 6 576 232 2 445 279	30 June 2013 %	87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 383 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total DEPOSITS CONCENT Agriculture Construction Wholesale and retail tr Public sector	THER BANKS its Ilines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS 6 2 52 16	June 2013 US\$ 6 576 232 2 445 279 2 126 588 6 213 616	30 June 2013 % 2% 1% 18% 5%	87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 31 December 2012 %
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total DEPOSITS CONCENT Agriculture Construction Wholesale and retail tr Public sector Manufacturing Telecommunication	THER BANKS its Ilines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS 6 2 52 16 16 5	June 2013 US\$ 5 576 232 2 445 279 2 126 588 5 213 616 5 893 249 9 964 828	30 June 2013 % 2% 1% 18% 5% 6% 2%	87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total DEPOSITS CONCENT Agriculture Construction Wholesale and retail to Public sector Manufacturing Telecommunication Transport Individuals	THER BANKS its Ilines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS 6 2 52 16 16 5 2 31	June 2013 US\$ 5 576 232 2 445 279 2 126 588 5 213 616 5 893 249 9 64 828 9 593 708 8 34 521	30 June 2013 % 2% 1% 18% 5% 6% 2% 1% 11%	87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266
10.1	DEPOSITS FROM CU Demand deposits Promissory notes Other time deposits DEPOSITS FROM OT Money market deposit Bank borrowings and I TOTAL DEPOSITS Current Non-current Total DEPOSITS CONCENT Agriculture Construction Wholesale and retail to Public sector Manufacturing Telecommunication Transport	THER BANKS its Ilines of credit	24 046 972 O CUSTOMERS 6 2 52 16 16 5 2 31 139 15	June 2013 US\$ 5 576 232 2 445 279 2 126 588 5 213 616 5 893 249 9 964 828 9 964 828	30 June 2013 % 2% 1% 18% 5% 6% 2% 1%	87 498 617 49 122 457 19 346 718 155 967 792 89 405 190 50 015 202 139 420 392 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184 295 388 184	91 944 231 30 007 720 6 149 930 128 101 881 84 389 793 41 566 592 125 956 385 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266 254 058 266







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(803)

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284 532

17 754

1 096 817

378 947 21 105 466

86 834

171 142 2 922

1 025 780

1 286 678

8 644 641

10 968 552

256 742

155 971

26 257

1 259 523

21 687 159

375 473

7 025 059

5 636 385

1.06

Notes to the Financial Results (continued) For the six months ended 30 June 2013

20	OTHER OPERATING INCOME Fair value adjustment to investment properties Excess fair value over cost of acquisition Rental income Profit disposal of property, plant and equipment Sundry income	
21	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Administration expenses Staff costs Directors' remuneration Audit fees: - current year fees - prior year fees - other services Depreciation Operating lease payment	
22	INCOME TAY EYDENSE	

.2	Current income tax Deferred tax Other	1 627 224 101 970 - 1 729 194	1 833 090 30 146 355 714 2 218 950
		Unaudited 30 June 2013 US\$	Audited 31 December 2012 US\$
3	CAPITAL COMMITTEMENTS		
	Capital expenditure authorized but not yet contracted for	8 402 652	5 116 449
4	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES		
	Guarantees and letters of credit	11 628 343	2 190 659

TRANSACTIONS WITH NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary

26.1 Basic earnings per share

Profit attributable to equity holders

Basic earnings per share for the half year ended

30 June 2012 (US cents)

On 28 June 2013, the Company acquired the remaining 40% of the issued shares of FBC Building Society for a purchase consideration of US\$ 6 407 984. The Group now holds 100% of the equity share capital of FBC Building Society. The carrying amount of the noncontrolling interests in FBC Building Society on the date of acquisition was US\$8 993 486. The Group derecognised non-controlling interests of US\$8 993 486 and recorded an increase in equity attributable to owners of the parent of US\$ 2 585 502. The effect of changes in the ownership interest of FBC Building Society on the equity attributable to owners of the Company during the half year is summarised as follows:

	Unaudited 30 June 2013 US\$	Unaudited 30 June 2012 US\$
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests aquired Consideration paid to non-controlling interests Gain on purchase recognised in parent's equity	8 993 486 (6 407 984) 2 585 502	

		Unaudited 30 June 2013 US\$	Unaudited 30 June 2012 US\$
26	EARNINGS PER SHARE		

	Shares	Treasury	Shares	Weighted
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	issued	shares	outstanding	
Half Year ended 30 June 2013				
Issued ordinary shares as at 1 January 2013	591 850 127	56 291 799	535 558 328	535 558 328
Treasury shares sold	-	(51 577 785)	51 577 785	-
Share issue	80 099 800	-	80 099 800	-
Treasury shares purchased	-	1 025 595	(1 025 595)	(256 399)
Weighted average number of ordinary				
shares as at 30 June	671 949 927	5 739 609	666 210 318	535 301 929
Basic earnings per share for the half year ended				4.04
30 June 2013 (US cents)				1.31
Weighted average number of ordinary shares				
Half Year ended 30 June 2012				
Issued ordinary shares as at 1 January 2012	591 850 127	53 379 734	538 470 393	538 470 393
Treasury shares purchased	-	2 912 065	(2 912 065)	(1 456 033)
Weighted average number of ordinary		2 3 12 000	(2 0 12 000)	(. 700 000)
shares as at 30 June	591 850 127	56 291 799	535 558 328	537 014 360

26.2	Diluted earnings per share
	Diluted earnings per share is calculated after adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume
	conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company does not have dilutive ordinary shares.

		Unaudited 30 June 2013 US\$	Unaudited 30 June 2012 US\$
	Profit attributable to equity holders	7 025 059	5 636 385
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	535 301 929	537 014 361
	Diluted earnings per share (US cents)	1.31	1.06
26.3	Headline earnings per share Profit attributable to equity holders	7 025 059	5 636 385
	Adjusted for excluded remeasurements		
	(Profit)/Loss on the disposal of property, plant and equipment Other	(2 922)	803 -
	Headline earnings	7 022 137	5 637 188
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	535 301 929	537 014 361
	Headline earnings per share (US cents)	1.31	1.06

26.4 Diluted headline earnings per share

Diluted headline earnings per share is calculated after adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company does not have dilutive ordinary shares.

	30 June 2013 US\$	30 June 2012 US\$
Headline earnings	7 022 137	5 637 188
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June	535 301 929	537 014 361
Diluted earnings per share (US cents)	1.31	1.06

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS NOT MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilites presented on the Group's consolidated statement of finacial position approximate the financial instruments' carrying amounts due to the short-term tenor of the financial instruments.

27.2 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE

The table below sets out the Group's classification of each class of financial assets and liabilities, and their fair values.

Held for trading US\$	Loans and receivables US\$	Financial liabilities at amortised cost US\$
-		-
-	210 606 591	-
	00 000 007	
0.540.070	28 229 337	-
2 546 372	-	-
2 546 372	357 972 642	-
		005 000 104
	-	295 388 184
	-	11 580 535
-	-	33 503 889
-	<u> </u>	340 472 608
	trading US\$	trading US\$ - 119 136 714 - 210 606 591 - 28 229 337 2 546 372 - 357 972 642

FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Fair value measurements using;	
	Quoted
	prices in
	active

identical assets (Level 1) US\$	observable inputs (Level 2) US\$	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) US\$
-	25 000	-
2 546 372	=	-
-	25 000	-
2 932 818	-	-
	identical assets (Level 1) US\$	assets (Level 1) (Level 2) US\$ - 25 000 2 546 372 - 25 000

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the period

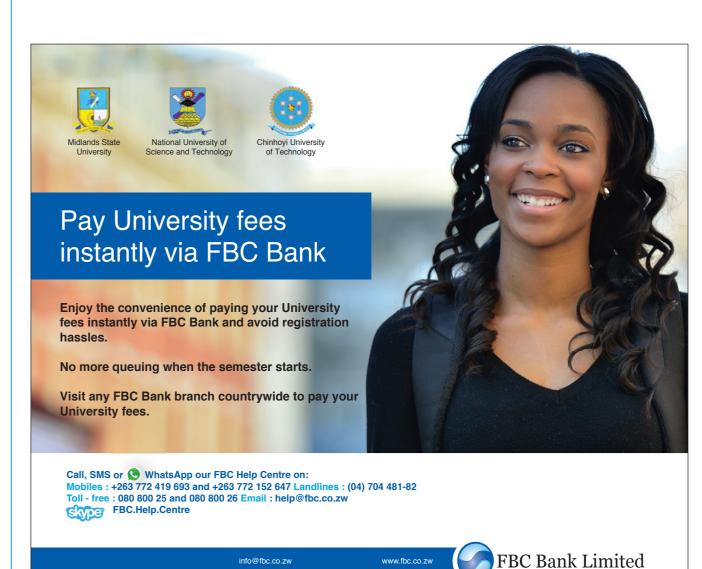
Valuation techniques used to derive fair values

Level 1 fair values for equity securities is based on their bid prices on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange as at 30 June 2013

Level 2 fair values of investment property have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by an independent professionally qualified valuer as at 31 December 2011.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group carried out banking and investments related transactions with various companies related to its shareholders, all of which were undertaken in compliance with the relevant banking regulations. The full list of related parties and details of transactions are provided in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2012. There have not been any material movements since.



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Notes to the Financial Results (continued) For the six months ended 30 June 2013

29 SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of business segments.

Segment revenue, expenses, results and assets are items that are directly attributable to the business segment or which can be allocated on a reasonable basis to a business segment. All transactions between segments are conducted at arms length. The Group comprises seven business segments i.e. commercial banking, microlending, mortgage financing, short term, reinsurance, insurance, stockbroking and manufacturing.

Performance is measured based on segment profit before income tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group Executive Committee.

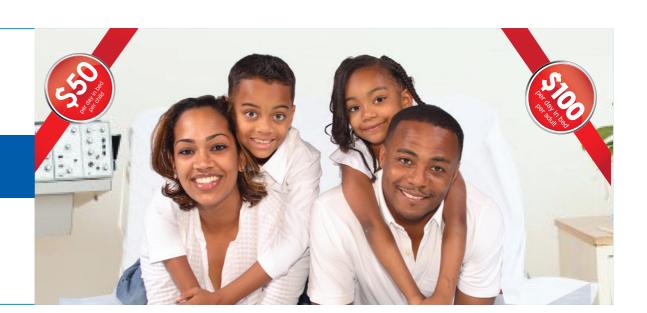
30 June 2013	Commercial banking US\$	Microlending US\$	Mortgage financing US\$	Short term reinsurance US\$	Short term insurance US\$	Stockbroking US\$	Manufacturing US\$	Consolidated US\$
Total segment revenue								
Interest income	16 705 469	1 532 204	4 261 452	465 863	62 140	50 181	3 610	20 319 390
Interest expense	(9 280 626)	(642 450)	(1 951 134)	-	-	-	(1 351 685)	(10 464 365)
Net interest income	7 424 843	889 754	2 310 318	465 863	62 140	50 181	(1 348 075)	9 855 025
Turnover	-	-	5 865 302	-	-	-	18 968 191	24 833 494
Cost of sales	_	-	(3 707 166)	-		-	(14 795 919)	(18 503 085)
Gross profit	-	-	2 158 136	-	-	-	4 172 272	6 330 409
Net earned insurance premium	-	-	-	1 728 225	1 503 156	-	-	2 753 043
Net fee and commission income	9 767 720	143 199	1 887 789	-	-	273 315	-	11 468 244
Net trading income and other income	619 091	161 865	54 450	413 580	42 095	-	514 794	1 932 587
Total income	17 811 654	1 194 818	6 410 693	2 607 668	1 607 391	323 496	3 338 991	32 339 308
Intersegment revenue	(1 347 467)	_	(1 214 610)	(131 013)	(54 139)	(14 300)	_	(2 761 528)
Intersegment interest expense and commission	1 227 588	642 450	467 416	(131 013)	(34 103)	(14 300)	424 075	2 761 528
intersegment interest expense and commission	1 227 300	042 430	407 410		-		424 073	2 701 320
Revenue from external customers	17 691 775	1 837 268	5 663 499	2 476 655	1 553 252	309 196	3 763 066	32 339 308
Segment profit before income tax	4 150 444	563 977	3 123 605	1 635 871	464 378	102 896	29 320	10 028 185
Impairment losses on financial assets	333 958	177 551	112 455			_		623 964
Depeciation and amortisation	862 801	2 805	116 656	40 181	61 428	13 842	1 233 376	2 331 055
Deposition and amortisation	002 001	2 000	110 030	40 101	01 420	10 042	1 200 070	2 001 000
Segment assets	326 572 076	11 051 084	70 678 528	20 274 203	6 858 755	7 089 262	70 119 677	450 596 308
Total acceta includes :								
Total assets includes : Additions to non-current assets	819 402	33 770	42 162	32 797	468 251	_	1 777 287	3 173 668
Investment in associates	-	-	42 102	491 139	400 251	-	-	491 139
investment in associates				491 109				491 109
Segment liabilities	289 057 279	9 418 863	48 194 813	12 087 771	4 331 001	6 769 707	40 696 152	349 145 112
Type of revenue generating activity	Commercial and retail banking	Microlending	Mortgage financing	Underwriting short term classes of insurance	Underwriting general classes of short term insurance	Equity market dealing	Production and sales of building materials	

	Commercial		Mortgage	Short term	Short term			
	banking	Microlending	financing	reinsurance	insurance	Stockbroking	Manufacturing	Consolidated
30 June 2012	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Interest income	16 234 265	813 601	2 235 665	308 936	6 734	15 174	1 328	18 594 134
Interest expense	(8 169 978)	(127 528)	(664 574)	-	(51 441)	-	(1 202 827)	(9 194 778)
Net interest income	8 064 287	686 073	1 571 091	308 936	(44 707)	15 174	(1 201 499)	9 399 356
Turnover	-	-	4 278 000	-	-	-	18 524 615	22 802 615
Cost of sales	-	-	(2 781 099)	-	-	-	(12 576 931)	(15 358 030)
Gross profit	-	-	1 496 901	-	-	_	5 947 684	7 444 585
Net earned insurance premium	-	-	-	1 283 474	1 251 644	-	-	2 535 118
Net fee and commission income	9 060 424	130 481	2 020 627	-	-	92 228	-	11 288 650
Net trading income and other income	697 149	40 846	48 632	49 769	40 945	-	45 821	964 875
Total income	17 821 860	857 400	5 137 251	1 642 179	1 247 882	107 402	4 792 006	31 632 584
Intersegment revenue	(742 858)	-	(16 823)	(308 936)	-	-	-	(1 068 618)
Intersegment interest expense and commission	220 202	-	137 494	13 646	51 441	1 464	644 370	1 068 618
Revenue from external customers	17 299 204	857 400	5 257 922	1 346 889	1 299 323	108 866	5 436 376	31 632 584
Segment profit before income tax	3 838 341	412 544	2 321 848	618 854	302 146	(97 274)	1 276 001	9 158 735
Impairment losses on financial assets	826 014	323 314	154 916	53 099	-	-	-	1 368 383
Depeciation and amortisation	776 165	281	81 024	39 901	54 876	11 018	1 200 516	2 163 780
Segment assets	240 013 753	7 233 205	41 182 583	17 973 442	5 263 879	1 957 622	66 363 385	346 278 446
Total assets includes :								
Additions to non-current assets	724 894	1 020	84 902	40 882	71 007	43 449	877 754	1 843 910
Investment in associates	-	-	-	491 139	-	-	-	491 139
Segment liabilities	209 798 989	6 508 419	24 979 354	11 991 388	3 355 819	1 825 241	37 013 782	266 685 979
Type of revenue generating activity	Commercial	Microlending	Mortgage	Underwriting	Underwriting	Equity market	Production and	
	and retail		financing	short term	general classes	dealing	sales of building	
	banking			classes of	of short term		materials	
				insurance	insurance			

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Notes to the Financial Results (continued) For the six months ended 30 June 2013

RISK MANAGEMENT

Overview

The Group continues to maintain a strong risk management culture in response to the changing operating environment in order to achieve an appropriate balance between risk and reward. This approach has enabled the Group to trade within the limits as defined in the risk appetite matrix of the Group. The Group regularly scans the environment and realigns its policies, procedures and strategic thrust in pursuit of organisational objectives. The risk management framework covers the following key risk types:

Risk categories

Strategic risk

Strategic risk is the current and prospective impact on earnings or capital arising from adverse business decisions, improper implementation of decisions, or lack of responsiveness to industry changes. The Board of Directors retains the overall responsibility for strategic risk management through the Board Finance and Strategy Committee.

Reputational risk

Reputational risk is the potential that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, whether true or not, will cause a decline in the customer base, costly litigation, or revenue reductions. This risk may result from the Group's failure to effectively manage any or all of the other risk types. Management translates the reputational risk management strategy established by the Board of Directors into policies, processes and procedures that are implemented throughout the Group.

Credit risk is the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from a debtor's failure to meet the terms of any contract with the Group or if a debtor otherwise fails to perform as agreed.

Credit risk framework and governance

The Group's largest source of credit risk is loans, albeit that credit risk exists throughout the other activities of the Group, on and off the balance sheet. These other activities include inter-bank transactions, mortgage loans, foreign exchange transactions, and guarantees. Given the significant size of the loan portfolio on the balance sheet of the Group, credit risk remains one of the major risks

To effectively manage credit risk, the Board and Management established an effective and sound credit risk management framework which is supported by a strong risk culture and environment. Credit risk management is governed by each entity's credit policy guidelines and ultimately approved by the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for credit risk. Group Credit Management Division, is responsible for the implementation of the credit policies, which cover compliance with prescribed sanctioning authority levels, avoidance of a high concentration of credit risk and regular review of credit limits. The Group Risk Management Division, Group Compliance and Group Audit also monitor independently the management of Credit risk.

Credit policies, procedures and limits

The Group has sound and well-defined policies, procedures and limits which are reviewed annually and approved by the Board of Directors and strictly implemented by management. Credit risk limits include delegated approval and write-off limits to advances managers, management and board credit committees, counterparty limits, individual account limits, group limits and concentration

Credit risk mitigation and hedging

As part of the Group's credit risk mitigation and hedging strategy, various types of collateral is taken by the banking subsidiaries. These include mortgage bonds over residential, commercial and industrial properties, cession of book debts and the underlying moveable assets financed. In addition, a guarantee is often required particularly in support of a credit facility granted to counterparty. Generally, guarantor counterparties include parent companies and shareholders. Creditworthiness for the guarantor is established

Credit risk stress testing

The Group and the entities recognise the possible events or future changes that could have a negative impact on the credit portfolios and affect the Group's ability to generate more business. To mitigate this risk, the Group has put mechanisms in place to enhance its stress testing methodologies.

An allowance for loan impairment is established if there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of loans. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of expected cash flows, including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted at the original effective interest rate of loans.

Credit terms:

Default

This is failure by a borrower to comply with the terms and conditions of a loan facility as set out in the facility offer letter or loan contract. Default occurs when a debtor is either unwilling or unable to repay a loan.

These are loans whereby the debtor is in default by exceeding the loan tenure or expiry date as expressly set out in the loan contract i.e. the debtor fails to repay the loan by a specific given date.

The Group's policy regards impaired/ doubtful loans as all those loans where the degree of default becomes extensive such that the Group no longer has reasonable assurance of collection of the full outstanding amount of principal and interest. All such loans are classified in the loan grades 8, 9 and 10.

Provisioning policy and write offs

Determination of general and specific impairement allowances;

The Group complies with the following Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe provisioning requirements;

General allowance for impairment

Prime to satisfactory Grades "1 to 3"- No evident weakness, performing to contractual terms

General allowance for impairment for facilities in this category are maintained at 1% of total customer account outstanding balances and off balance sheet (i.e. contingent) risks.

Moderate to fair Grades "4 to 5" - Acceptable risk level to acceptable with care

General allowance for impairment for facilities in this category are maintained at 5% of total customer account outstanding balances and off balance sheet (i.e. contingent) risks.

Speculative to highly speculative Grades "6 to 7" - Exhibits potential weaknesses, which require management attention to special attention

General allowance for impairment for these facilities are maintained at 10% of total customer account outstanding balances and off balance sheet (i.e. contingent) risks.

Specific allowance for impairment

Sub-Standard Grade "8" - Timely repayment and/or settlement may be at risk.

Specific allowance for impairment for facilities in this category are currently maintained at 30% of total customer outstanding balances and off balance sheet (i.e. contingent) risks less the value of tangible security held.

Doubtful Grade "9" - Full repayment and/or settlement highly improbable Specific allowance for impairment for exposures in this grade are currently maintained at 50% of total customer outstanding balances

and off balance sheet (i.e. contingent) risks after deducting the value of any tangible security held. Loss Grade "10" - Collection not possible

Specific allowance for impairment for debts in this category are currently maintained at 100% of total customer outstanding balances and off balance sheet (i.e. contingent) risks again after deducting the value of any tangible security held.

The basis for writing off assets

When an advance which has been identified as impaired and subjected to a specific allowance for impairment, continues to deteriorate, a point will come when it may be concluded that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Authority will be sought from the subsidiary Board Credit Committee for the exposure to be immediately written off from the bank's books while long term recovery strategies are being pursued.

Credit risk and Basel II

The Group has implemented Credit Risk Basel II standards in line with the regulatory authorities' approach. Internal processes have been revamped in an effort to comply with the requirements. Policies and procedure manuals have been realigned to comply with the minimum requirements of Basel II.

Liquidity Risk is the current or prospective risk to earnings and capital arising from the Group's inability to meet its liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses.

Liquidity risk framework and governance

The Group does not treat Liquidity risk in isolation as it is often triggered by consequences of other financial risks such as credit risk and market risk. The Group's liquidity risk management framework is therefore designed to ensure that its subsidiaries have adequate liquidity to withstand any stressed conditions. To achieve this objective, the Board of Directors through the entities' Board Asset Liability Committees is ultimately responsible for liquidity risk management. The responsibility for managing the daily funding requirements is delegated to the Heads of Treasury Divisions for banking entities and Finance Managers for non-banking entities with independent day to day monitoring being provided by Group Risk Management.

Liquidity and funding management

The Group's management of liquidity and funding is decentralised and each entity is required to fully adopt the liquidity policy approved by the Board with independent monitoring being provided by the risk management function. The Group uses concentration risk limits to ensure that funding diversification is maintained across the products, counterparties and sectors. Major sources of funding are in the form of deposits across a spectrum of retail and wholesale clients for all the subsidiaries.

Cash flow and maturity profile analysis

The Group uses the cash flow and maturity mismatch analysis on both contractual and behavioural basis to assess their ability to meet immediate liquidity requirements and plan for their medium to long term liquidity profile.

Liquidity contingency plans

In line with the Group's liquidity policy, liquidity contingency plans are in place for the subsidiaries in order to ensure a positive outcome in the event of a liquidity crisis. The plans clearly outline early warning indicators which are supported by clear anddecisive crisis response strategies. The crisis response strategies are created around the relevant crisis management structures and address both specific and market crises.

Liquidity stress testing

It is the Group's policy that each entity conducts stress tests on a regular basis to ensure that they have adequate liquidity to withstand stressed conditions. In this regard, anticipated on- and off-balance sheet cash flows are subjected to a variety of specific and systemic stress scenarios during the period in an effort to evaluate the impact of unlikely events on liquidity positions.

Market risk is the risk of financial loss in on and off-balance sheet trading positions arising from movements in market prices. Market

risk exists whenever the Group has taken trading, banking or investment positions.

Market risk from trading positions. The Group uses a collection of risk measurement methodologies to assess market risk, including value-at-risk (VaR), stress testing,

loss triggers and traditional risk management measures.

Market risk from banking positions

Banking related market risk is contained within the Group's two major treasury operations at the Bank and the Building Society.

The interest rate risk profile is assessed regularly based on the fundamental trends in interest rates, economic developments and technical analysis.

Market risk from investments This is managed in accordance with their purpose and strategic benefit rather than on market considerations and periodic reviews

and reassessments are undertaken. Foreign exchange risk Foreign exchange risk is the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to currency rate movements.

This involves settlement risk which arises when the Group or one of its entities incurs a financial loss due to foreign exchange positions taken in both the trading and banking books. The potential for loss arises from translation exposure, transaction exposure and economic exposure. This risk is largely concentrated at the Bank, Society and Reinsurance Company.

Framework and governance The Board of Directors is ultimately accountable and approves the market risk appetite for all types of market risk. The Board

delegated the effective management of market risk to the entities' Asset Liability Committees (ALCO) for the banking entities and Risk and Compliance Committees for non-banking entities. On a day-to-day basis, market risk exposures are independently reviewed and measured by the Group Risk Management function, and appropriate management reports are generated. A comprehensive framework of limits to control market risk including foreign exchange risk exposures is in place for the different levels of reporting.

Market risk measurement

The tools for measuring market risk that are applied within the Group range from the very fundamental and basic marking-to-market, to the more sophisticated Value at Risk Models. Generally, measurement tools in use at any point in time are commensurate with the scale, complexity, and nature of trading activities and positions held by entity. The tools and techniques used to measure and control market risk include the repricing gap, scenario analysis on net interest income and economic value of equity, stop loss limits. duration analysis, stress testing and Value at Risk. In addition, the Group also performs ratio analysis on the key ratios of each entity. Risk limits for all the measures are documented in each entity's ALCO policy. Group Risk Management performs regular reviews of the existing models to ensure that they are still relevant and behaving within expectations.

30.6 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from the potential that inadequate information system, technology failures, breaches in internal controls, fraud, unforeseen catastrophes, or other operational problems may result in unexpected losses. Operational risk exists in all products and business activities.

Group's approach to managing operational risk

The Group's approach is that business activities are undertaken in accordance with fundamental control principles of operational risk identification, clear documentation of control procedures, segregation of duties, authorization, close monitoring of risk limits, monitoring of assets use, reconciliation of transactions and compliance.

Operational risk framework and governance

The Board has ultimate responsibility for ensuring effective management of operational risk. This function is implemented through the Board Risk and Compliance Committee at Group level which meets on a quarterly basis to review all other major risks including operational risks. This Committee serves as the oversight body in the application of the Group's operational risk management framework, including business continuity management. Each entity has a Management and Board Risk and Compliance Committee to ensure a robust operational risk management framework. Other Group management committees which report to Group Executive Committee include the Group New Product Committee, Group IT Steering Committee and Group Business Continuity Committee.

The management and measurement of operational risk

The Group identifies and assesses operational risk inherent in all material products, activities, processes and systems. It ensures that before new products, activities, processes and systems are introduced or undertaken, the operational risk inherent in them is subjected to adequate assessment by the appropriate risk committees which include the Risk and Compliance Committee and Group New Product Committee.

The Group conducts Operational Risk Assessments in line with the Group's risk strategy. These assessments cover causes and events that have, or might result in losses, as well as monitor overall effectiveness of controls and whether prescribed controls are being followed or need correction. Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) which are statistical data relating to a business or operations unit are monitored on an ongoing basis. The Group also maintains a record of loss events that occur in the Group in line with Basel II requirements. These are used to measure the Group's exposure to the respective losses. Risk Limits are used to measure and monitor the Group's operational risk exposures. These include branch cash holding limits, teller transaction limits, transfer limits and write off limits which are approved by management and the Board. In addition, the Group also uses risk mitigation mechanisms such as insurance programmes to transfer risks. The Group maintains adequate insurance to cover key operational and other risks.

Business continuity management

To ensure that essential functions of the Group are able to continue in the event of adverse circumstances, the Group Business Continuity Plan is reviewed annually and approved by the Board. The Group Business Continuity Committee is responsible for ensuring that all units and branches conduct tests half yearly in line with the Group policy. The Group continues to conduct its business continuity tests in the second and fourth quarters of each year and all the processes are well documented.

30.7 Compliance risk

Compliance risk is the current and prospective risk to earnings or capital arising from violations of, or non-conformance with I aws. rules, regulations, prescribed practices, internal policies and procedures or ethical standards. The Compliance function assesses the conformity of codes of conduct, instructions, procedures and organizations in relation to the rules of integrity in financial services activities. These rules are those which arise from the institution's own integrity policy as well as those which are directly provided by its legal status and other legal and regulatory provisions applicable to the financial services sector.

Management is also accountable to the Board for designing, implementing and monitoring the process of compliance risk management and integrating it with the day to day activities of the Group.







Notes to the Financial Results (continued) For the six months ended 30 June 2013

30.8 Statement of Compliance

The Group complied with the following statutes inter alia:-

The Banking Act (Chapter 24:20) and Banking Regulations, Statutory Instrument 205 of 2000; Bank Use Promotion & Suppression of Money Laundering (Chapter 24:24); Exchange Control Act (Chapter 22:05); the National Payments Systems Act (Chapter 24:23) and the Companies Act (Chapter - 24:03).

In addition, the Group also complied with the Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe's directives on liquidity management, capital adequacy as well as prudential lending guidelines.

31 INTERNATIONAL CREDIT RATINGS

The banking and reinsurance subsidiaries have their credit ratings reviewed annually by an international credit rating agen Global Credit Rating. All subsidiaries have maintained their investor grade ratings as illustrated below.

Subsidiary	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
FBC Bank Limited	A-	A-	A-	A-	A-
Reinsurance	A-	A-	A-	A-	A-
Building Society	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-

32 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is committed to the principles of openness, integrity and accountability. It recognises the developing nature of corporate governance and assesses its compliance with local and international generally accepted corporate governance practices on an ongoing basis through its various subcommittees.

The Board is responsible to the shareholders for setting the direction of the Group through the establishment of strategies, objectives and key policies. The Board monitors the implementation of these policies through a structured approach to reporting and accountability.

The Board meets regularly, with a minimum of four scheduled meetings annually. To assist the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities a number of committees have been established, of which the following are the most significant: (i) Board Audit Committee, (ii) Board Human Resources and Remuneration Committee, (iii) Board Finance and Strategy (iv) Board Risk Committee.

Board Attendance

Board member	Main) board	Boar	d Audit	Board I Resour		Board Finance and Strategy		e Board Risk and Compliance		Board Marketing and Public Relations	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Herbert Nkala	J	J	N/A	N/A	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
John Mushayavanhu	J	J	N/A	N/A	J	J	J	J	J	J	J	J
Kenzias Chibota	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	J	J	N/A	N/A
Kleto Chiketsani	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	J	J	J	J
Gertrude S Chikwava	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	N/A	N/A	J	J
Philip M Chiradza	J	J	J	×	J	×	N/A	N/A	J	×	N/A	N/A
Felix Gwandekwande	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	J	J	J	×
Trynos Kufazvei	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Canada Malunga	J	J	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
James M Matiza	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	×	J	N/A	N/A	J	J
Johnson R Mawere	J	J	J	J	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chipo Mtasa	×	J	×	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	×	J	N/A	N/A
Godfrey G Nhemachena	J	J	J	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	N/A	N/A
Webster Rusere	V	J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	J	J	J	J	J	J

LegendNot a member - N/A Attended - √

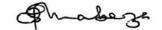
3 INTERIM DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT

Notice is hereby given that an interim dividend of 0.149 US Cents per share was declared by the Board on 671 949 927 ordinary shares in issue on 21 August 2013 in respect of the half year ended 30 June 2013. The dividend is payable to shareholders registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on Friday, 6 September 2013. The transfer books and register of members will be closed from 6 September 2013 to 9 September 2013. Dividend payment will be made to shareholders on or about 24 September 2013.

Quarter - Q

Apologies - X

By order of the Board



Tichaona K. Mabeza GROUP COMPANY SECRETARY 21 August 2013



Make more business purchases abroad

Enjoy more purchasing power with the new FBC MasterCard Business Prepaid card.

This is a load and go card that allows you to load up to \$50 000 and has a higher spending / withdrawal limit.

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